

October 20-23, 2022 I Westin Boston Seaport District

10/22/2022 **Coverage vs. Effective Date** 1:15PM-2:15 PM Kathy Cormier CEUs:1

Massachusetts Association of Insurance Agents



Coverage vs. Effective Date

When is it Covered When is it Registered?

When does coverage begin? 2016 MAP

If it's a new policy, coverage begins when you take application. For an existing policy, the policy says:

5. Your Auto – means:

- A. The vehicle(s) described on the Coverage Selections Page.
- B. Any auto while used as a temporary substitute for the described auto with the consent of the owner while the described auto is out of normal use because of a breakdown, repair, servicing, loss, or destruction. This does not include a motorcycle. However, if a motorcycle is the vehicle described on the Coverage Selections Page, then a motorcycle used as a temporary substitute is included in the term your auto. However, your auto does not include a substitute vehicle owned by you.
- C. A private passenger auto, trailer, motorcycle, pick-up truck, van or similar vehicle, to which you take title or lease as a permanent re-placement for a described auto or as an additional auto. We provide coverage for an additional auto only if you ask us to insure it within seven days after you take title or the effective date of the lease.

If a replacement or additional auto is a pick-up truck, van or similar vehicle, it must not be used for the delivery or transportation of goods or materials unless such use is incidental to your business of installing, maintaining or repairing furnishings or equipment.

For Parts 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 the term your auto also includes any trailer not described on the Coverage Selections Page as covered under those Parts.

So, it is insured! Coverage for a newly-acquired replacement or additional auto is "automatic" under the definition of "YOUR AUTO."

But how long does coverage stay in effect if YOU don't know the vehicle exists???

To figure that out, let's take a look at how insurance ENDS.

Cancellation. Cancellation of this policy is something you should ordinarily have no reason to worry about. You can cancel any of the Optional Insurance Parts at any time by giving us or your agent at least 20 days written notice. Because all of the Compulsory Insurance Parts are required, you cannot cancel any of them separately. You can, cancel all of the policy by giving us or your agent at least 20 days written notice.

Will a company cancel when requested by the insured in writing??

A company MAY cancel, BUT MA Law prohibits a company from returning unearned premium without a plate return receipt. Most companies will NOT cancel the policy without a PRR.

Here is the language from M.G.L. c. 175, s. 113A, (2) which says in part:

"The company shall not issue a return premium upon cancellation of the policy until the insured has presented to the company a receipt or other document showing that the number plates assigned to the insured motor vehicle have been returned to the registry of motor vehicles; provided however, that a company shall return a premium upon cancellation of the policy to an agent or broker or premium finance company without said receipt."

We can cancel all or any part of this policy including your Compulsory Insurance if:

- 1. You have not paid your premiums.
- 2. We find that you were responsible for fraud or material misrepresentation when you applied for this policy or any extension or renewal of it.
- 3. The driver's license or auto registration of you, or any person who resides in your household and usually operates an auto insured under this policy, has been under suspension or revocation during the policy period.
- 4. You fail to comply with a request for a safety inspection test for a vehicle for which total damage has been paid.

The policy also contains and "Automatic Termination" section which provides: 2008 & 2016 MAP

Automatic Termination

Massachusetts law provides that your policy automatically terminates and a Notice of Cancellation will not be sent to you when:

- 1. You return the registration plates for your auto to the Registry of Motor Vehicles.
- 2. You purchase a new policy with another company covering your auto and a new Certificate of Insurance is filed with the Registry of Motor Vehicles.
- 3. You transfer title to your auto, and you do not register another auto. In this case, the policy will terminate 30 days from the date of transfer of title. However, if more than one auto is described on the Coverage Selections Page, the termination of coverage applies only to the auto involved in any of the situations described above.

Clearly, if you (the agent) are unaware of the newly-acquired replacement vehicle, coverage for that vehicle will be in effect for 30 days, at which time the policy (or coverage for that vehicle if a multi-car policy) will automatically terminate. Once you are aware of the vehicle, the policy will continue to expiration, unless cancelled for some other reason.

But what about the additional auto??? When does coverage begin and end for that vehicle?

- The policy says: "We provide coverage for an additional auto only if you ask us to insure it within seven days after you take title or the effective date of the lease."
- So, clearly, there IS coverage for this vehicle for seven days.

But what coverage does that vehicle get???

There are several schools of thought on this issue. But, a literal reading of the policy says ... you
have seven days to decide what coverages you want/need on the vehicle and ASK for them.
Consequently, an insured COULD be requesting coverage AFTER the accident has already
occurred!

Does it matter if there's a plate on it???

• Law enforcement officials care about what plate, if any, is on a vehicle but the policy doesn't as long as it meets the definition of "YOUR AUTO."

So, when is it legal to attach the plate from your old vehicle to your new vehicle?

• The Seven-Day Law says: "A person who has attained 18 years of age and who transfers the ownership of a registered motor vehicle or trailer owned by him to another or who loses possession thereof and who intends to transfer the registration of such motor vehicle or trailer to a newly acquired new motor vehicle or newly acquired used motor vehicle of the same type and having the same number of wheels, may subject to other provisions of this chapter, operate such newly acquired new motor vehicle or trailer or newly acquired used motor vehicle or trailer for a period beginning from the date of transfer until five o'clock post meridian of the seventh calendar day following the date of transfer ... "

Consequently:

- You must be 18 years or old to use the seven-day law;
- You must sell, trade or junk (i.e. no longer OWN) your "old" car; and
- The "old" and "new" vehicle must qualify for the same plate type.

In addition:

- Day "one" of the seven-day period is the day you sign over title of your "old" vehicle to someone else; and
- The title to the new vehicle must have been signed over to you; and
- You must carry a copy of the "bill of sale" (title or dealer purchase contract) in the vehicle; and
- Your plate number must be written on the bill of sale or title.

- 1. Your customer calls you on Monday to let you know that he is buying a new car. On Friday, he will trade in his old car and pick up his new car. The dealer faxes over the paperwork on Tuesday. The customer will have a bank loan, and the dealer is asking for a binder so that the bank will release the check for the car and a stamp on the RTA.
 - a. What date do you put as the effective date of coverage on the binder?
 - i. Monday
 - ii. Friday
 - iii. Coverage becomes effective upon transfer of title
 - b. What date do you put as the effective date of the policy change on the RTA?
 - i. Since you have to send the stamped RTA back within two hours, you should stamp it on Tuesday with Tuesday's date.
 - ii. You should return the paperwork within two hours, but the effective date of change should be Friday when your customer is picking up the vehicle. If you stamp it with Tuesday's date, the dealer can register the new vehicle and the old vehicle (which the customer is still driving) will be unregistered.

NOTE: Do NOT stamp anything if you have not heard from your client!

- c. When does coverage on the new vehicle become effective?
 - i. Coverage becomes effective when the vehicle is registered.
 - ii. Coverage becomes effective when the vehicle is delivered.
 - iii. Coverage becomes effective when the customer takes title to the vehicle.

Why??? The definition of your auto provides that YOUR AUTO is the "vehicle described on the coverage selections page" or "private passenger auto, trailer, motorcycle, pick-up truck, van or similar vehicle, to which you take title or lease as a permanent replacement for a Described auto or as an additional auto." The policy provides coverage AUTOMATICALLY, whether or not you know about it or have stamped the RTA.

- d. When may the vehicle be added to the policy?
 - I. The date the customer takes delivery.
 - II. The date the title or certificate of origin is signed over to the customer.
 - III. The date the vehicle is registered.

Answer ii. is the correct answer, but check with your companies to see what date they want to use? Some want to use the date title is assigned, others want to use the date you stamp it, and still others want to use the date its registered. Whatever date they use, remember, coverage takes effect when the title is assigned!

- 2. Your customer attended a customer appreciation celebration at a local dealership over the weekend. He purchased a new vehicle, and the dealer made a "spot" delivery of a brand new vehicle on Saturday. He is trading in his vehicle, which had Parts 1-6. He arrives at your agency bright and early on Monday morning in the new vehicle with his plates on it. When does coverage become effective on the new vehicle?
 - a. On Saturday when he took title to the new vehicle.
 - b. On Monday when he stopped by your office on the way to the Registry.
- 3. What coverage does the new vehicle have?
 - a. Since he has a loan, physical damage coverage is automatically added.
 - b. Since the new vehicle is a permanent replacement for the vehicle listed on the coverage selections page, all he gets is whatever was on the old vehicle in this case Parts 1-6.

NOTE: At least two companies are using the countrywide PAP which automatically adds physical damage coverage if needed.

- 4. Suppose he decides to keep his old car for his daughter who will get her license next year? He has parked the old car out back and put his plates on the new car. Is the new vehicle insured?
 - a. Yes
 - b. No
- 5. Is it a permanent replacement or an additional auto?
 - a. Permanent replacement
 - b. Additional auto

- 6. If it's insured, how long is it insured for?
 - a. 7 days
 - b. 10 days
 - c. 30 days
- 7. If it's insured, what coverage does the new vehicle get if the vehicle he's saving for his daughter has only Parts 1-6?
 - a. Parts 1-6
 - b. Collision and Comprehensive would automatically be added.
 - c. He would have seven days to decide what coverages he wants.
- 8. Your customer goes to California on vacation with his motor home. On the way back from the west coast, he stops in Illinois to pick up his brand-new motor home at the manufacturer. The manufacturer doesn't accept trade-ins but will place the old motor home in one of the local deal-erships on consignment. The manufacturer tells your customer it's perfectly legal to put the plates on the new motor home and drive it back to Massachusetts.

Is it registered?

- a. Yes, he can legally drive the new vehicle on the plates for seven days.
- b. No, he can't attach the plates until the transfer has been processed at the RMV because he did not lose possession (ownership) of his old vehicle.
- 9. Suppose at the last minute your customer decides he can get a better price for his old motor home if he sells it privately back in Massachusetts? He decides to have his wife drive the old motor home back home and he will drive the new motor home with temporary Illinois plates.

Is the old motor home registered?

- a. Yes
- b. No

9. Suppose at the last minute your customer decides he can get a better price for his old motor home if he sells it privately back in Massachusetts? He decides to have his wife drive the old motor home back home and he will drive the new motor home with temporary Illinois plates.

Is it insured?

- a. Yes
- b. No

Is the new motor home registered?

- a. Yes
- b. No

Is it insured?

- a. Yes
- b. No
- 10. If it's insured, what coverage does it have?
 - a. Massachusetts compulsory coverages only
 - b. The broadest coverage currently available on the existing policy
 - c. The same coverages as the other motor home
 - d. He has seven days to request the coverage he wants
 - e. Since a motor home is not a private passenger auto, trailer, motorcycle, pick-up truck, van or similar vehicle, coverage is NOT automatic. Your insured must ASK for the coverage before it is insured.
- 11. Is it okay to attach temporary Illinois plates to the motor home for the trip home?
 - a. Yes
 - b. No
- 12. Is every state reciprocal with our seven-day registration transfer law?
 - a. Every state is reciprocal
 - b. Every state is not reciprocal, but you only get in trouble if you get caught.

- 13. Your customer's son, a 17 year old new driver, is buying his dad's old BMW. He sold his old junker to his best friend. Can he use the seven-day registration law to put his plates on the new vehicle until he gets his next pay check in two days?
 - a. Sure, he can put his plate on the BMW and drive it for up to seven days from the date he signed over the title to the junker.
 - b. No, you must be 18 to use the seven-day transfer law.
- 14. If your client's son puts the plate on his car and hits the neighbor's mailbox while backing out of the driveway, will his policy cover the loss?
 - a. Even if the vehicle is not legally registered, if there is an existing policy and he has taken title to the new vehicle, his policy will respond.
 - b. The policy will respond for property damage, but not for comprehensive and collision if the vehicle is not registered.
 - c. There is no coverage if the vehicle is not registered.
- 15. The boy who bought the junker knows that he can't attach the plates to it because he still has his old car. He decides he'll wait until dark to drive the vehicle home so he won't be spotted by the police. The boy is not accustomed to a standard transmission, and he smashes the junker into a fence, damaging the fence and the junker. His old vehicle is actually owned by his father and is listed on his dad's policy. Is he covered?
 - a. Yes, dad's policy will respond because he's not old enough to buy a car.
 - b. No, he's not because he owns the junker, and there is no policy in his name.
- 16. Would your answer be different if the boy who bought the junker owned and insured his old vehicle in his own name?
 - a. No, the policy would not respond because the vehicle is not registered.
 - b. Yes, the policy would respond, but only with compulsory coverages.
 - c. Yes, the policy would respond, but there would be no collision coverage because he does not carry collision on his existing vehicle.
 - d. Yes, this vehicle would be considered an additional vehicle, and he has seven days to decide what coverages he wants.

- 17. Your customer sees the car of his dreams on a used car lot in the next town. Hew goes in to talk to the salesperson. The salesperson explains that they just took the car in trade and have sent a check to the bank to payoff the former owner's loan. He further explains that your customer is legal to drive the new vehicle with his plates attached as long as he is carrying a copy of a dealer purchase contract. Is that true?
 - a. Yes, you can attach your plate to a vehicle you intend to purchase for a period of seven days.
 - b. No, you may only attach your plate to a vehicle you have taken title to as a permanent replacement for a vehicle you have sold, traded in, junked or have legally lost possession of in some other way.
- 18. The dealer explains until the title comes in, he'll have to come to the dealership every Monday morning to get a new bill of sale so he can continue to legally drive the vehicle with his plates attached to it. Is that correct?
 - a. Yes
 - b. No
- 19. Your customer calls to tell you that they are purchasing a car through CARVANA and that the dealer will be delivering the vehicle on the following Monday for an seven day test drive period and they want you to stamp the paperwork for the new registration before the car is delivered. This is an additional vehicle to the policy so it will require a new registration plate. You receive a request for a stamped RTA from CARVANA with a copy of the title that is blank... there is no assignment to your customer. What do you do?
 - a. You stamp the RTA and send it back to the CARVANA dealer so that they can deliver the vehicle to your customer.
 - b. No, you cannot stamp the RTA as you have not received a title assignment showing that your customer purchased the vehicle.
- 20. CARVANA delivers the vehicle and this is a new plate transaction. Is there coverage for this vehicle?
 - a. Yes, you stamped the RTA when the dealer requested it.
 - b. No, the client has not received the title so there is no coverage.
- 21. Is the vehicle registered?
 - a. No, the customer needs to test drive the vehicle on a dealer plate.
 - b. Yes, it's a test drive and they have seven days to try it out.

It's important to note that it is ILLEGAL for a dealer to deliver a vehicle without assigning the title to the new owner at the time of delivery.

Thanks for attending.

Remeber, I'm just a phone call or email away:

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